

§ 522.1881 Sterile prednisolone acetate aqueous suspension.

(a) *Specifications.* Each milliliter of sterile aqueous suspension contains 25 milligrams of prednisolone acetate.

(b) *Sponsor.* See No. 000061 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *NAS/NRC status.* The conditions of use are NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified in § 514.111 of this chapter but may require bioequivalency and safety information.

(d) *Conditions of use.* (1) The drug is indicated in the treatment of dogs, cats, and horses for conditions requiring an anti-inflammatory agent. The drug is indicated for the treatment of acute musculoskeletal inflammations such as bursitis, carpalis, and spondylitis. The drug is indicated as supportive therapy in nonspecific dermatosis such as summer eczema and atopy. The drug may be used as supportive therapy pre- and post-operatively and for various stress conditions when corticosteroids are required while the animal is being treated for a specific condition.

(2) The drug is administered to horses intra-articularly at a dosage level of 50 to 100 milligrams. The dose may be repeated when necessary. If no response is noted after 3 or 4 days, the possibility must be considered that the condition is unresponsive to prednisolone therapy. The drug is administered to dogs and cats intramuscularly at a dosage level of 10 to 50 milligrams. The dosage may be repeated when necessary. If the condition is of a chronic nature, an oral corticosteroid may be given as a maintenance dosage. The drug may be given intra-articularly to dogs and cats at a dosage level of 5 to 25 milligrams. The dose may be repeated when necessary after 7 days for two or three doses.

(3) The labeling shall comply with the requirements of § 510.410 of this chapter for corticosteroids.

(4) Not for use in horses intended for food.

(5) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[52 FR 23032, June 17, 1987]

§ 522.1883 Prednisolone sodium phosphate injection, sterile.

(a)(1) *Specifications.* Each milliliter contains 20 milligrams of prednisolone sodium phosphate (equivalent to 14.88 milligrams of prednisolone) in sterile aqueous solution.

(2) *Sponsor.* See No. 000864 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(3) *Conditions of use*—(i) It is used in treatment of dogs when a rapid adrenal glucocorticoid and/or anti-inflammatory effect is necessary.¹

(ii) It is administered intravenously in a dosage of 2½ to 5 milligrams of prednisolone sodium phosphate per pound of body weight, initially for shock and shock-like states, followed by equal maintenance doses at 1-, 3-, 6-, or 10-hour intervals as determined by the condition of the animal. If permanent use is required, oral therapy (tablets) may be substituted. If therapy is to be withdrawn after prolonged use, reduce daily dose gradually over a number of days.

(iii) Do not use in viral infections. Except in emergency therapy, do not use with tuberculosis, chronic nephritis, Cushing's disease, or peptic ulcers. With infections, use appropriate antibacterial therapy with, and for at least 3 days after, discontinuance of use and disappearance of all signs of infection.¹

(iv) Clinical and experimental data have demonstrated that corticosteroids administered orally or parenterally to animals may induce the first stage of parturition when administered during the last trimester of pregnancy and may precipitate premature parturition followed by dystocia, fetal death, retained placenta, and metritis.

(v) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.¹

(b) [Reserved]

[43 FR 29769, July 11, 1978, as amended at 49 FR 23834, June 8, 1984]

§ 522.1884 Prednisolone sodium succinate injection.

(a) *Chemical name.* 11 beta, 17, 21-Trihydroxypregna-1, 4-diene-3, 20-dione 21-succinate sodium salt.

(b) *Specifications.* Each milliliter of prednisolone sodium succinate injection contains: Prednisolone sodium

succinate equivalent in activity to 10, 20, or 50 milligrams of prednisolone.

(c) *Sponsor.* See No. 000009 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter for products containing 10, 20, and 50 milligrams equivalent prednisolone activity per milliliter for use in horses, dogs, and cats as provided in paragraphs (d)(1), (2) (i), (ii), and (iii) of this section. See No. 000402 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter for a product containing 10 milligrams equivalent prednisolone activity per milliliter for use in horses as provided in paragraph (d)(2)(iv) of this section.

(d) *Conditions of use.* (1) The drug is intended for the treatment of horses, dogs, and cats.¹

(2)(i) The dosage for horses is 50 to 100 milligrams as an initial dose given intravenously over a period of one-half to 1 minute, or intramuscularly, and may be repeated in inflammatory, allergic, or other stress conditions at intervals of 12, 24, or 48 hours, depending upon the size of the animal, the severity of the condition and the response to treatment.¹

(ii) In dogs, the drug is administered intravenously at a range of 2.5 to 5 milligrams per pound of body weight as an initial dose followed by maintenance doses at 1, 3, 6, or 10 hour intervals, as determined by the condition of the animal, for treatment of shock.

(iii) In dogs and cats, the drug may be given intramuscularly for treatment of inflammatory, allergic and less severe stress conditions, where immediate effect is not required, at 1 to 5 milligrams ranging upward to 30 to 50 milligrams in large breeds of dogs. Dosage may be repeated in 12 to 24 hours and continued for 3 to 5 days if necessary. If permanent corticosteroid effect is required oral therapy with prednisolone tablets may be substituted.

(iv) In horses, 50 to 100 milligrams as an initial dose given intravenously over a period of ½ to 1 minute. May be repeated in inflammatory, allergic, or other stress conditions at intervals of 12, 24, or 48 hours, depending upon the size of the animal, the severity of the

condition and the response to treatment. Not for use in horses intended for food. Clinical and experimental data have demonstrated that corticosteroids administered orally or parenterally to animals may induce the first stage of parturition when administered late in pregnancy and may precipitate premature parturition followed by dystocia, fetal death, retained placenta, and metritis.

(3) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.¹

[40 FR 13858, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 46 FR 13215, Feb. 20, 1981; 46 FR 33513, June 30, 1981; 52 FR 25212, July 6, 1987]

§ 522.1885 Prednisolone tertiary butylacetate suspension.

(a) *Specifications.* Prednisolone tertiary butylacetate (Pregna-1,4-diene-3, 20-dione-11B, 17α 21-triol 21-(3,3, dimethyl butyrate) suspension contains 20 milligrams of prednisolone tertiary butylacetate per milliliter. It is sterile.

(b) *Sponsor.* See No. 050604 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use.* (1) It is used as an anti-inflammatory agent in horses, dogs, and cats.¹

(2) It is administered to horses intramuscularly at a dosage level of 100 to 300 milligrams and intrasynovially at a dosage level of 50 to 100 milligrams. It is administered intramuscularly to dogs and cats at a dosage level of 1 milligram per 5 pounds of body weight and intrasynovially at a dosage level of 10 to 20 milligrams. Intramuscular re-treatment of horses in 24 to 48 hours may be necessary, depending on the general condition of the animal and the severity and duration of the disease.¹

(3) Clinical and experimental data have demonstrated that corticosteroids administered orally or parenterally to animals may induce the first stage of parturition when administered late in pregnancy and may precipitate premature parturition followed by dystocia, fetal death, retained placenta, and metritis.¹

(4) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.¹

[40 FR 13858, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 62 FR 63271, Nov. 28, 1997]

¹These conditions are NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by § 514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.